due: Tuesday: read pp. 212-214

- 1. Graph  $f(x) = x^4 6x^2 + 2$  by making a table of values for f(x), f'(x), and f''(x).
- 2. Let f be a function that is continuous on [-2,3] such that f'(0) does not exist, f'(2) = 0, and f''(x) < 0 for all x except x = 0. Draw a possible graph of y = f(x).
- 3. Consider the function f defined by  $f(x) = (x^2 1)^3$  for all real numbers x.
  - a. For what values of *x* is the function increasing?
  - b. Find the x- and the y-coordinates of all relative extrema. Justify your answer.
  - c. For what value(s) of x is the graph of y = f(x) concave upward?
  - d. Using the information found in parts a., b., and c, sketch y = f(x).

Wednesday: review sheet

on: Thursday: test

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due: Monday: read pp. 200-201
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Evaluate: 1.  $\int x^3 dx$ 2.  $\int 7 dx$ 3.  $\int (x+1) dx$ 4.  $\int 3\sqrt{x} dx$ 5.  $\int \frac{4}{x^2} dx$ 6.  $\int x^{-1/3} dx$ 7.  $\int (1-4x^{-3}) dx$ 8.  $\int (5x^2+2x) dx$ 9.  $\int (2x^3-5x+\frac{7}{x^5}) dx$ 10.  $\int (1-x^2-3x^5) dx$ 

Tuesday: read pg. 334

Evaluate: 1. 
$$\int 28(7x-2)^3 dx$$
  
2.  $\int 5x^3(x^4-1)^2 dx$   
3.  $\int \frac{x^2 dx}{\sqrt{1-x^3}}$   
4.  $\int (y^4 + 4y^2 + 1)^7 (y^3 + 2y) dy$   
5.  $\int (x^2 + 7)^2 dx$ 

<u>Monday;</u> read pp. 321-322

1. Solve each differential equation with the given conditions:

a. 
$$\frac{dy}{dx} = 3x^2 + 2x + 1; y = 0, x = 1$$
  
b.  $\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{-5}{x^2}; y = 3, x = 5$ 

2. Find the general solution of each differential equation: dy

a. 
$$\frac{dy}{dx} = 5 - 3x$$
 b.  $\frac{dy}{dx} = (x - 1)(x + 3)$ 

- 3. If f is a function such that  $f'(x) = \frac{1}{x^2}$  and f(1) = 3, find f(2).
- 4. If  $\frac{dy}{dx} = 3x^2$  and y = 3 when x = 2, find y when x = 3.
- 5. Find the curve in the xy plane that passes through the point (9,4) and whose slope at each point is  $3\sqrt{x}$ .